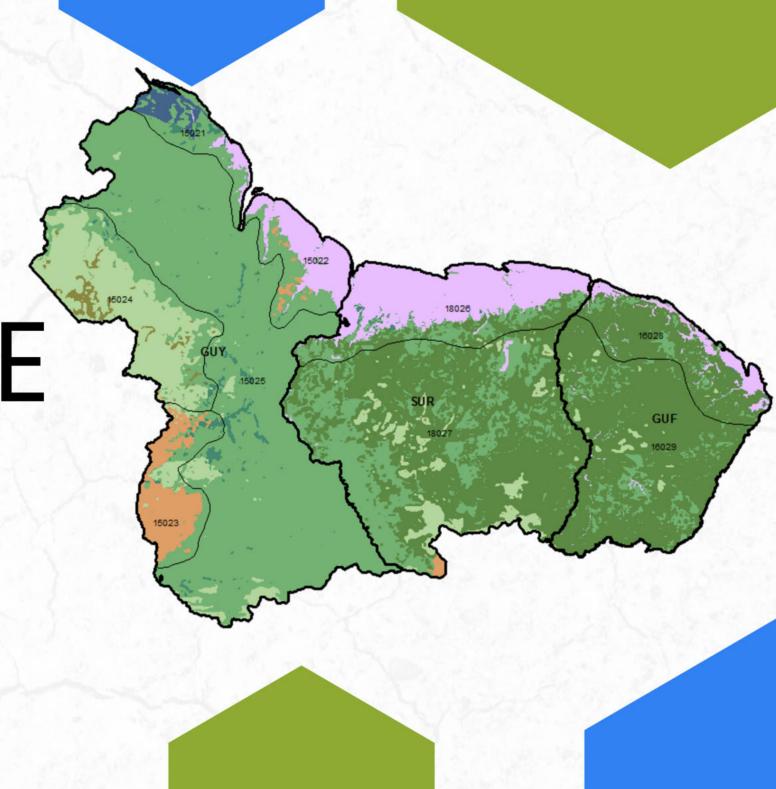


MAPBIOMAS GUYANAS INITIATIVE

GUYANA, SURINAME AND FRENCH GUIANA Land Use and Land Cover 1985-2023

Kandhai Roche cherwood Tjon Sie Fat Dimitrti



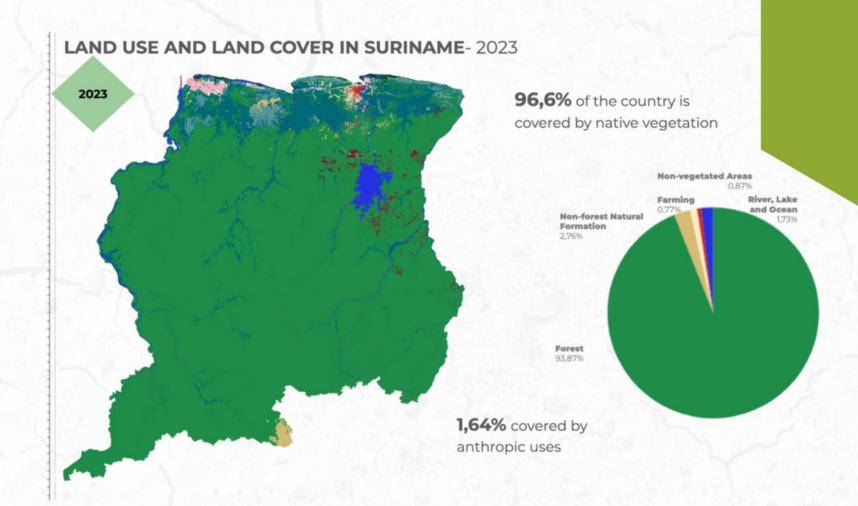
01 Our Mission

• • • • •

Building Local Capacity in Tropical Countries

- Generate land use and land cover data using remote sensing techniques.
- Ensure the data is useful, updated, accurate, and relevant to the local context.
- Facilitate its use by decision-makers across public, private, and civil society sectors.

Aim to promote sustainable management of natural resources and help aid in climate change mitigation.



02 Our Purpose

Initially, MapBiomas focused on **accurately** and **efficiently** revealing the **transformations** taking place within **Brazilian territory**. However, it has since transformed into a **multi-continental initiative**.

By providing accessible information on land cover and land use, we aim to foster the conservation and sustainable management of natural resources while also contributing to climate change mitigation.







Mapbiomas

origin and goals?

- It originated in Brazil (2015) and has expanded through local leadership in South America and Indonesia
- MapBiomas was developed to enable people to understand how land and forests evolve over time. It transforms satellite imagery into valuable insights regarding deforestation, agriculture, water resources, and urban expansion.

what is MapBiomas?

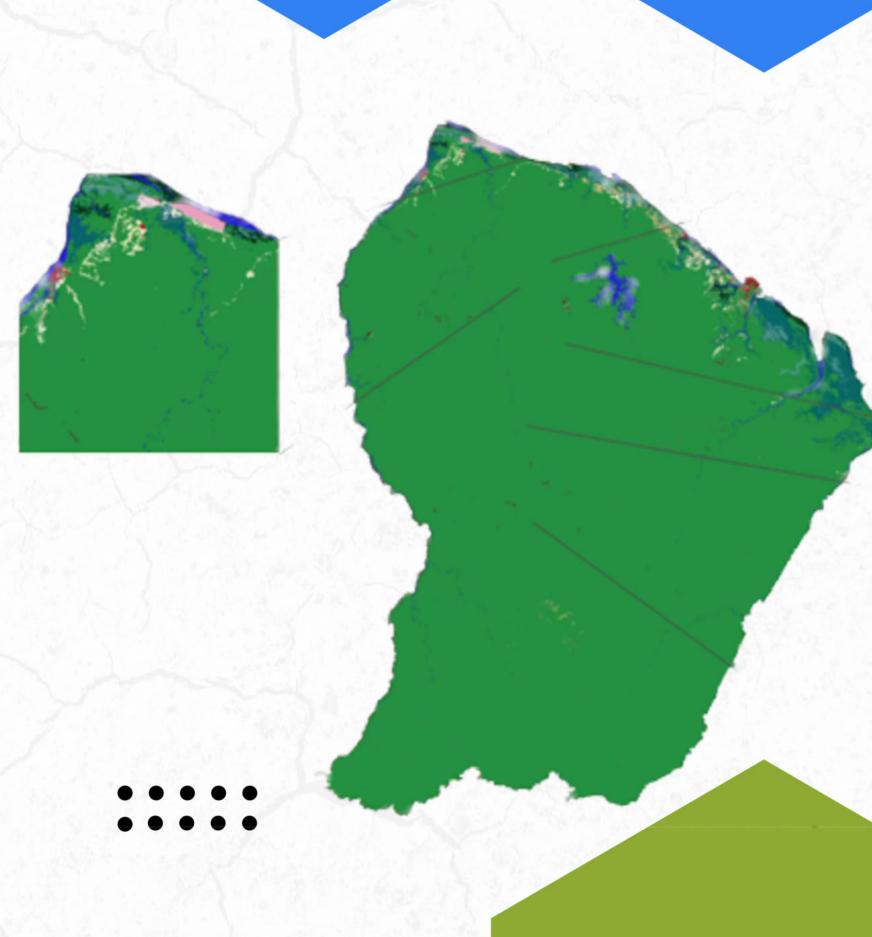
MapBiomas is a multi-institutional (network) initiative consissting of different organisations:

- environmental NGOs,
- research institutions and universities,
- technology companies, and
- local experts across any type of related field.

Mapbiomas

How does it work? Technology Methodology

- Through the use of remote sensing, cloud computing, and artificial intelligence, MapBiomas processes extensive satellite imagery from sources such as Landsat, Sentinel, and MODIS.
- By applying machine learning algorithms within the Google Earth Engine (GEE) environment, it classifies and monitors land cover and land use annually from 1985 to the present with national consistency.
- It covers multiple thematic layers: forest, agriculture, pasture, water surface, mining, infrastructure, secondary vegetation, etc.



Mapbiomas

Open Acces for Everyone

- All data, methods, classification codes, and source code produced by MapBiomas are freely available through its online and interactive portals.
- Every dataset is fully documented so users can trace how maps were made, verify accuracy, and replicate the process using the same open tools.

Scalability and Local Adaptation

 Because MapBiomas' system is open and flexible, it can be replicated and customized by local institutions anywhere in the world. This makes it possible for new countries like
 Suriname to adopt the same framework, adapt it to local conditions, and join the global network of environmental monitoring.



Building
historical
series for the
entire
territory



Processing pixel by pixel (30 x 30m)

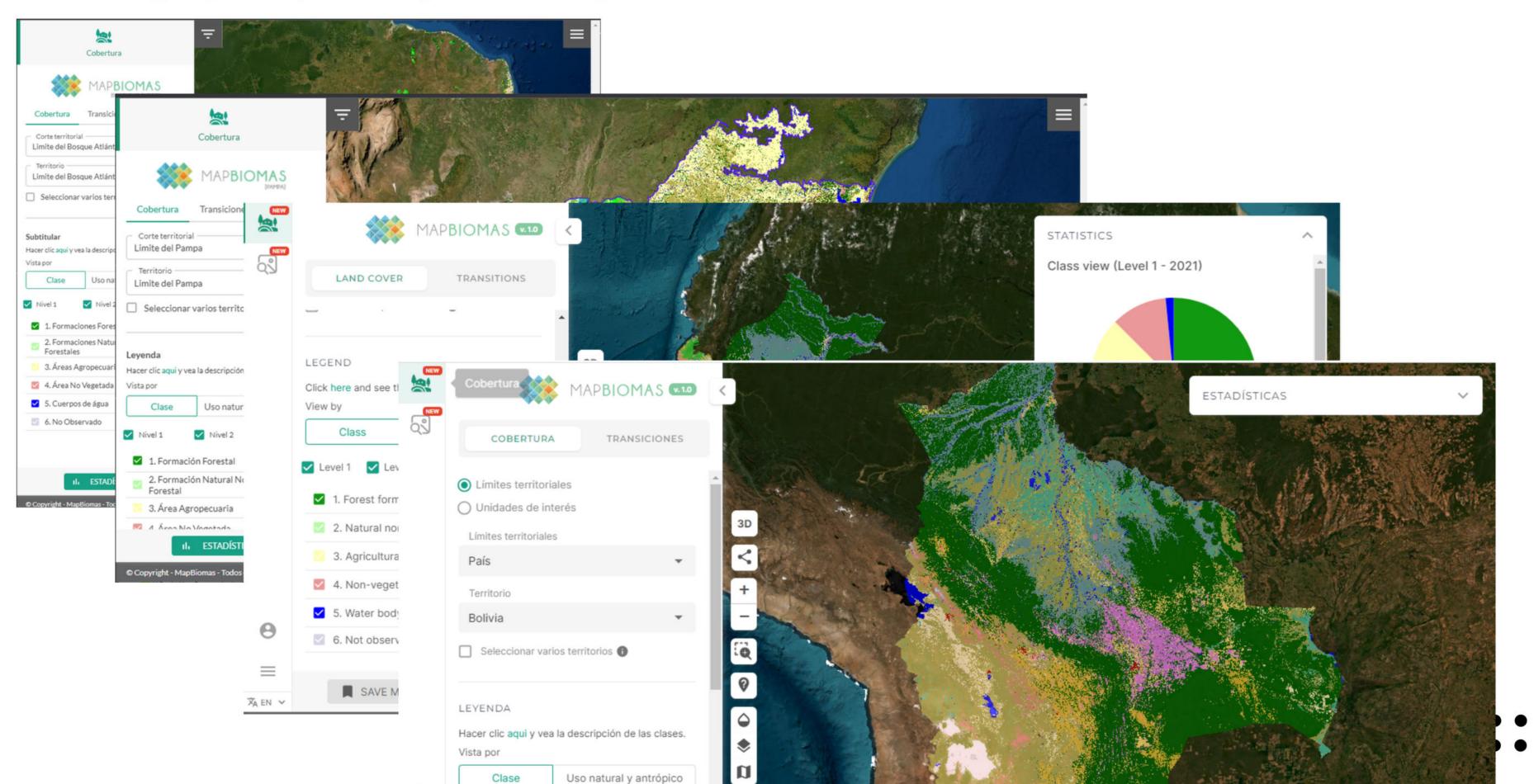


Classification with Artificial Intelligence



Collaborative network and cloud based processing (GEE)

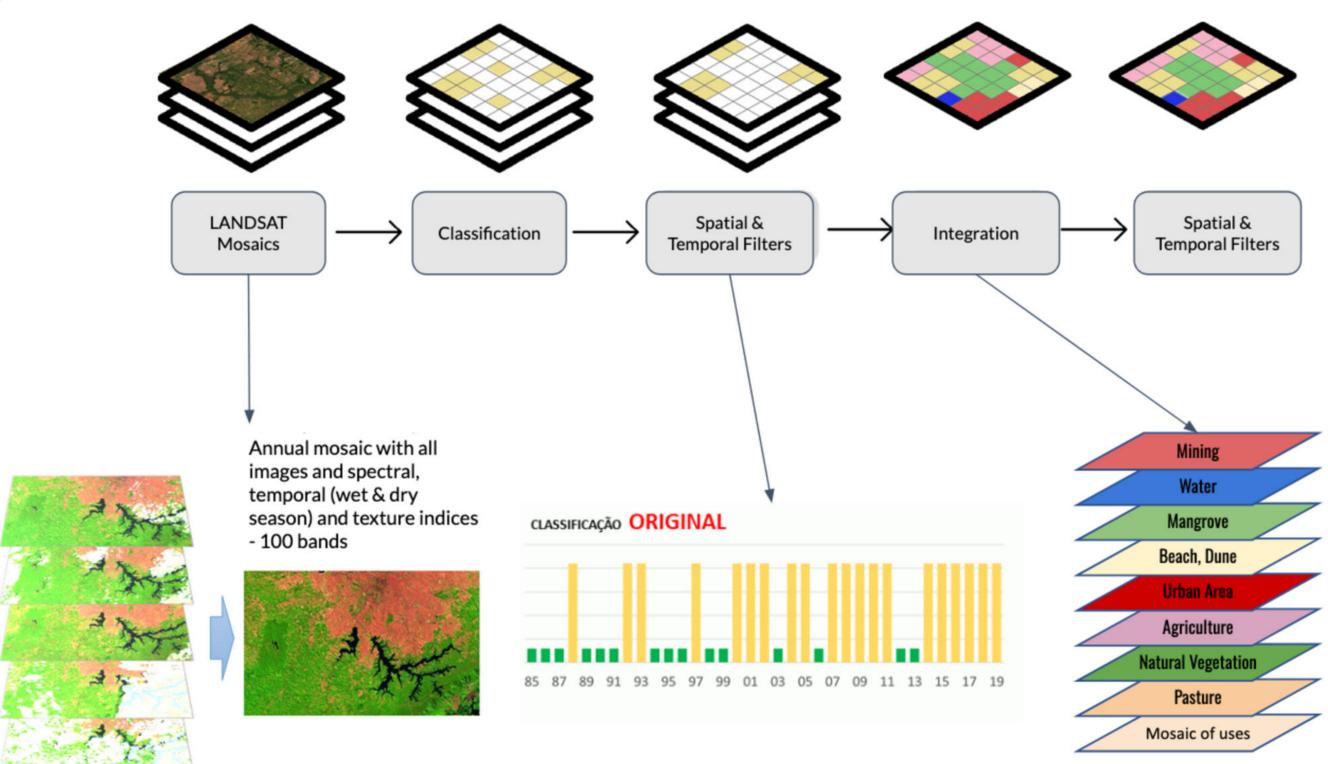
The Platforms

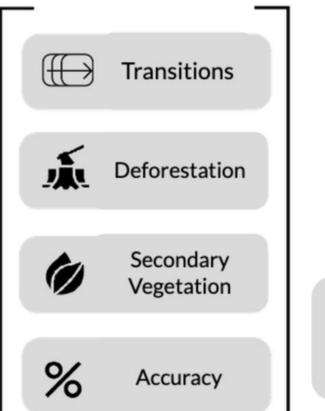


Legend

Classes	· Cvalutian			Collection 6 25 Classes	Collection 7 27 Classes	Collection 8 29 Classes
Classes Evolution		Collection 3 and 4	Collection 5	1. Forest	1. Forest	1. Forest
			1. Forest	1.1. Forest Formation	1.1. Forest Formation	1.1. Forest Formation 1.2. Savanna Formation
		1000 to 1-2-1700 co.co	1.1. Natural Forest	1.2. Savanna Formation	1.2. Savanna Formation	1.3. Hypersaline Tidal Flat
		1.1. Natural Forest	1.1.1. Forest Formation	1.3. Mangrove	1.3. Mangrove	1.4. Mangrove
	Collection 2	1.1.1. Forest Formation	1.1.2. Savanna Formation	1.4. Wooded Restinga	1.4. Herbaceous Sandbank Vegetation	1.5. Herbaceous Sandbank Vegetation
		1.1.2. Savanna Formation	1.1.3. Mangrove	2. Non Forest Natural Formation	2. Non Forest Natural Formation	2. Non Forest Natural Formation
	1. Forest	1.1.3. Mangrove	1.2. Forest Plantation	2.1. Flooded Grassland and Swamped Area 2.2. Grassland	2.1. Flooded Grassland and Swamped Area	2.1. Flooded Grassland and Swamped Are
	1.1. Natural Forest	1.2. Forest Plantation	2. Non Forest Natural Formation	2.3. Salt flat	2.2. Grassland	2.2. Grassland
	1.1.1. Natural Forest Formation	2. Non Forest Natural Formation	2.1. Flooded Grassland and Swamped Area	Land Control of the C	2.3. Salt flat	2.3. Salt flat
Collection 1	1.1.2. Savanna Formation	2.1. Wetland	2.2. Grassland	2.4. Rocky outcrop 2.5. Other non forest natural formation	2.4. Rocky outcrop	2.4. Rocky outcrop
		2.2. Grassland	2.3. Salt flat		2.5. Herbaceous Sandbank Vegetation	2.5. Herbaceous Sandbank Vegetation
	1.1.3. Mangrove	2.3. Salt flat	2.4. Rocky outcrop	3. Farming 3.1. Pasture	2.6. Other non forest natural formation	2.6. Other non forest natural formation
Forest	1.2. Forest Plantations	2.3. Other non forest natural formation	2.5. Other non forest natural formation	Market of the control	3.1 Posture	3. Farming
Forest in Costal Zone	2. Non-Forest Natural Formations		3. Farming	3.2. Agriculture	3.1. Pasture	3.1. Pasture
Planted Forest	2.1. Non-forest Natural Wetlands		3.1. Pasture	3.2.1. Annual Crop	3.2. Agriculture	3.2. Agriculture
Agriculture	2.2. Grasslands	3.1. Pasture	3.2. Agriculture	3.2.1.1. Soybean	3.2.1. Annual Crop	3.2.1. Annual Crop
Pasture	3. Farming	3.2. Agriculture	3.2.1. Annual Crop	3.2.1.2. Sugar Cane	3.2.1.1. Soybean	3.2.1.1. Soybean
Water		3.2.1. Annual and Perennial Crop	3.2.1.1. Soybean	3.2.1.3. Rice	3.2.1.2. Sugar Cane	3.2.1.2. Sugar Cane
	3.1. Pasture	3.2.2. Semi-perennial Crop		3.2.1.3. Other annual crops	3.2.1.3. Rice	3.2.1.3. Rice
Other	3.2. Agriculture	3.3. Mosaic of Agriculture and Pasture	3.2.1.2. Sugar Cane 3.2.1.3. Other annual crops	3.2.2. Perennial Crop	3.2.1.4. Cotton (beta)	3.2.1.4. Cotton (beta)
Not Observed	3.3 Agriculture or Pasture	4. Non vegetated area	3.2.2. Perennial Crop	3.2.1.1. Coffee	3.2.1.3. Other annual crops	3.2.1.3. Other annual crops
/ Classes	4. Non-Vegetated areas	4.1. Beach and Dune		3.2.1.2. Citrus	3.2.2. Perennial Crop	3.2.2. Perennial Crop
	4.1. Beach and dune	4.2. Urban Infrastructure	3.3. Mosaic of Agriculture and Pasture	3.2.1.3. Other Perennial Crops	3.2.1.1. Coffee	3.2.1.1. Coffee
		4.3. Rocky outcrop	4. Non vegetated area 4.1. Beach and Dune	3.3. Forest Plantation	3.2.1.2. Citrus	3.2.1.2. Citrus
	4.3. Other non-vegetated areas	4.4. Mining		3.4. Mosaic of Uses	3.2.1.3. Other Perennial Crops	3.2.1.3. Palm Oil(beta) 3.2.1.4. Other Perennial Crops
	4.2. Urban Infrastructure	4.5. Other non vegetated area	4.2. Urban Infrastructure	4. Non vegetated area	3.3. Forest Plantation	3.3. Forest Plantation
	5. Water		4.3. Mining	4.1. Beach and Dune	3.4. Mosaic of Uses	3.4. Mosaic of Uses
	6. Not Observed	5. Water	4.4. Other non vegetated area	4.2. Urban Infrastructure	4. Non vegetated area	4. Non vegetated area
	13 Classes	5.1. River, Lake and Ocean	5. Water	4.3. Mining	4.1. Beach and Dune	4.1. Beach and Dune
	19 0192262	5.2. Aquaculture	5.1. River, Lake and Ocean	4.4. Other non vegetated area	4.2. Urban Infrastructure	4.2. Urban Infrastructure
		6. Not Observed	5.2. Aquaculture	5. Water	4.3. Mining	4.3. Mining
		19 Classes	6. Not Observed	5.1. River, Lake and Ocean	4.4. Other non vegetated area	4.4. Other non vegetated area
		10 0140000	21 Classes	5.2. Aquaculture	5. Water	5. Water
				6. Not Observed	5.1. River, Lake and Ocean	5.1. River, Lake and Ocean
				Control of the Control	5.2. Aquaculture	5.2. Aquaculture
MAPBIOMAS					6. Not Observed	6. Not Observed

Method





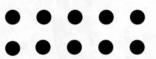


pre-calculated statistics for all territories of interest

Demo









Thank You Q&A





